

Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

#### **FEATURES**

Choice of 3 input range 10-18V, 18-36V, 36-75

Models Include 3.3V @ 4.5A or 6A 5V @ 3.5A or 6A 15V @ 1.2A 12V @ 1.4A

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

# **OBSOLETE PRODUCT**

Last time buy: 3 March 2014
Click here for more information.

- Guaranteed efficiencies to 0970
- 15-30 Watts in 1" x 2" package
- 340kHz synchronous-rectifier topologies
- -40 to +60/70°C ambient w/o derating
- Fully isolated (1500Vdc); I/O protected
- Trim and On/Off Control
- Designed to meet UL1950/EN60950 certifications
- CE mark (75VIN models)

automated, SMT-on-pcb construction, these UEP Models are able to bring you 15-30W in the standard 2" x 1" package from which most competitors can only get 5-10W. All UEP's deliver their full output power over ambient temperature ranges from -40°C to as high as +70°C (model and input voltage dependent) without heat sinks or supplemental forced-air cooling. Devices derate to +100°C.

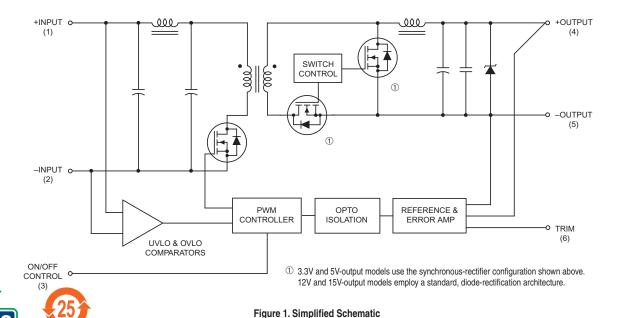
Output voltages are 3.3, 5, 12 or 15 Volts. Input voltage ranges are 10-18V ("D12" models), 18-36V ("D24" models) or 36-75V ("D48") models. All models feature input pi

filters, input undervoltage and overvoltage lockout, input reverse-polarity protection, output overvoltage protection, output current limiting, and continuous



short-circuit protection. Standard features also include on/off control and output-trim. All models are designed to meet IEC950, UL1950 and EN60950 safety requirements for OPERATIONAL insulation. "D48" models (36-75V inputs) are CE marked.

UEP Series DC/DC's are packaged in low-cost, light-weight, diallyl phthalate (UL94V-0 rated) plastic packages with standoffs. EMC compliance is achieved via a low-noise design rather than through expensive metal shielding.



www.murata-ps.com/support

For full details go to w.murata-ps.com/rohs

Typical topology is shown.



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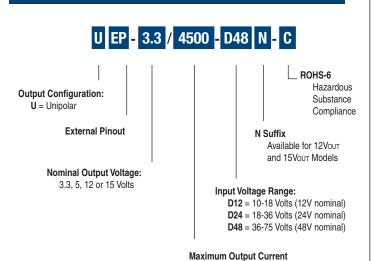
#### Performance Specifications and Ordering Guide ①

|                  | Output |                        |             |      | Input             |        |          |         |          |            |       |                   |
|------------------|--------|------------------------|-------------|------|-------------------|--------|----------|---------|----------|------------|-------|-------------------|
|                  | Vout   | Vout lout (Volts) (mA) | R/N (mVp-p) |      | Regulation (Max.) |        | VIN Nom. | Range   | Vouт     | Efficiency |       | Package<br>(Case, |
|                  |        |                        | Тур.        | Max. | Line              | Load 3 | (Volts)  | (Volts) | (mA)     | Min.       | Тур.  | Pinout)           |
| UEP-3.3/4500-D12 | 3.3    | 4500                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 12       | 10-18   | 80/1490  | 83.5%      | 84.5% | C15, P21          |
| UEP-3.3/4500-D24 | 3.3    | 4500                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 24       | 18-36   | 50/730   | 85.5%      | 87.5% | C15, P21          |
| UEP-3.3/4500-D48 | 3.3    | 4500                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 48       | 36-75   | 35/360   | 85.5%      | 87.5% | C15, P21          |
| UEP-3.3/6000-D48 | 3.3    | 6000                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.3%  | 48       | 36-75   | 40/470   | 86%        | 88%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-5/3500-D12   | 5      | 3500                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 12       | 10-18   | 120/1760 | 84%        | 86%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-5/3500-D24   | 5      | 3500                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 24       | 18-36   | 65/850   | 86%        | 88%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-5/3500-D48   | 5      | 3500                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 48       | 36-75   | 40/430   | 86%        | 88%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-5/6000-D48   | 5      | 6000                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.3%  | 48       | 36-75   | 35/710   | 88%        | 91%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-12/1400-D12  | 12     | 1400                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 12       | 10-18   | 60/1650  | 82.5%      | 85%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-12/1400-D24  | 12     | 1400                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 24       | 18-36   | 45/800   | 85%        | 87%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-12/1400-D48  | 12     | 1400                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 48       | 36-75   | 20/400   | 85%        | 87%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-15/1200-D12  | 15     | 1200                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 12       | 10-18   | 60/1760  | 82.5%      | 85%   | C15, P21          |
| UEP-15/1200-D24  | 15     | 1200                   | 85          | 100  | ±0.2%             | ±0.5%  | 24       | 18-36   | 45/860   | 85%        | 87%   | C15, P21          |

① Typical at TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions, unless otherwise noted.

- ③ Load regulation is specified over no load to 100% load conditions for 3.3 and 5Vo∪⊤ models, 25mA to 100% load conditions for 12 and 15 Vout models.
- Nominal line voltage, no-load/full-load conditions.

#### PART NUMBER STRUCTURE



#### **Optional Functions**

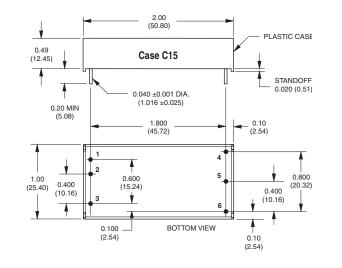
UEP converters are designed such that the 12 and 15Vout models can be configured for either positive logic on/off control (no suffix) or negative logic ("N" suffix). 3.3 and 5Vout models are available with positive logic only (no suffix).

in mA

No Suffix On/Off Control function (positive polarity) on pin 3

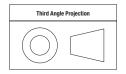
N On/Off Control function (negative polarity) on pin 3. (12V and 15V models only.)

#### **MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**



| I/O Connections |                |  |
|-----------------|----------------|--|
| Pin             | Function P21   |  |
| 1               | +Input         |  |
| 2               | –Input         |  |
| 3               | On/Off Control |  |
| 4               | +Output        |  |
| 5               | -Output        |  |
| 6               | Trim           |  |

Dimensions are in inches (mm shown for ref. only).



Tolerances (unless otherwise specified):  $.XX \pm 0.02 (0.5)$  $.XXX \pm 0.010 (0.25)$ 

Angles ± 2°

Components are shown for reference only.

② Ripple/Noise (R/N) is tested/specifed over a 20MHz bandwidth. All models are specified with no external input/output capacitors.



Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

### **Performance/Functional Specifications**

Typical @  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$  under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions, unless noted. ① ②

|  | Input  |
|--|--|
| Input Voltage Range:   |  |
| D12 Models   | 10-18 Volts (12V nominal)  |
| D24 Models   | 18-36 Volts (24V nominal)  |
| D48 Models   | 36-75 Volts (48V nominal)  |
| Overvoltage Shutdown:  |  |
| D12 Models   | 18.5-21 Volts (20V typical)  |
| D24 Models   | 37-40 Volts (38V typical)  |
| D48 Models ⑦   | 77-81 Volts (78.5V typical)  |
| Start-Up Threshold: ③  |  |
| D12 Models   | 9.3-9.8 Volts (9.6V typical)   |
| D24 Models   | 16.5-18 Volts (17V typical)  |
| D48 Models   | 34-36 Volts (35V typical)  |
| Undervoltage Shutdown: ③   |  |
| D12 Models   | 7-8.5 Volts (8V typical)   |
| D24 Models   | 15.5-17.5 Volts (16.5V typical)  |
| D48 Models   | 32.5-35.5 Volts (34.5V typical)  |
|  | 02.0-00.0 voits (04.0 v typical)   |
| Input Current: Normal Operating Conditions   | See Ordering Guide   |
| Standby Mode (Off, OV, UV)   | See Ordering Guide<br>5mA  |
|  |  |
| Input Filter Type  | Pi   |
| Reverse-Polarity Protection  | Brief duration, 10A maximum  |
| On/Off Control (Optional, Pin 3): ④  |  |
| D12, D24, & D48 Models   | On = open or 13V - +ViN, $IiN = 50\mu A$ max.  |
|  | Off = 0-0.8V, $lin = 1mA max$ .  |
| D12N, D24N, & D48N Models  | On = 0-0.5V, $lin = 50\mu A max$ .   |
|  | Off = open or 2.4-10V, $lin = 3.7mA max$ .   |
|  | Output   |
| Vout Accuracy (50% load):  | ±1.5%, maximum   |
| Minimum Loading: ②   |  |
|  |  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs  | No load  |
| · ·  | No load<br>25mA  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs<br>12V/15V Outputs   | 25mA   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs<br>12V/15V Outputs<br>Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤  | 25mA<br>See Ordering Guide   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs<br>12V/15V Outputs<br>Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤<br>Line/Load Regulation  | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs<br>12V/15V Outputs<br>Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤<br>Line/Load Regulation  | 25mA<br>See Ordering Guide   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs  Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤  Line/Load Regulation  Efficiency Isolation Voltage:  | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs  Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤  Line/Load Regulation  Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output  | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide 1500Vdc minimum  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs  Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤  Line/Load Regulation  Efficiency  Isolation Voltage:   | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs  Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤  Line/Load Regulation  Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output  | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide 1500Vdc minimum  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs  Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤  Line/Load Regulation  Efficiency  Isolation Voltage:   | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide 1500Vdc minimum 470pF  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance  | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide 1500Vdc minimum 470pF  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③   | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models   | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models   | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.)   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models   | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.)  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models 1.4A Models   | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.)   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models 1.4A Models 1.2A Models   | 25mA See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.) 1.5-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.)   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models 1.4A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models Average Current   | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.) 1.5-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.)  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models 1.4A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models 0.20 Models 0.30 Models   | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.) 1.5-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.)  Hiccup, indefinite 3 Amps maximum ±5%   |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 1.4A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models 1.7A Models 1.7 | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.) 1.5-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.) Hiccup, indefinite 3 Amps maximum ±5%  Zener/transorb clamp, magnetic feedback                                       |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs  Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤  Line/Load Regulation  Efficiency  Isolation Voltage:   | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.) 1.5-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.) Hiccup, indefinite 3 Amps maximum ±5%  |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models 1.4A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models Vout Trim Range ③ Overvoltage Protection ③ Temperature Coefficient  | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.) 1.5-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.) Hiccup, indefinite 3 Amps maximum ±5%  Zener/transorb clamp, magnetic feedback                                       |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models 1.4A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models Vout Trim Range ③ Overvoltage Protection ③ Temperature Coefficient  | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.) 1.5-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.) Hiccup, indefinite 3 Amps maximum  ±5%  Zener/transorb clamp, magnetic feedback ±0.02% per °C.Dynamic Characteristics                    |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models 1.4A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models 1.7A Models 1.7 | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.) Hiccup, indefinite 3 Amps maximum ±5%  Zener/transorb clamp, magnetic feedback ±0.02% per °C.Dynamic Characteristics |
| 3.3V/5V Outputs 12V/15V Outputs Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ① ⑤ Line/Load Regulation Efficiency Isolation Voltage: Input-to-Output Isolation Capacitance Isolation Resistance Current Limit Inception: ③ 6A Models 4.5A Models 3.5A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models 1.2A Models 1.2T Models 1.2 | 25mA  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  See Ordering Guide  1500Vdc minimum  470pF  100MΩ  7-8 Amps 5.5-7 Amps (6.25 Amps typ.) 5.5-6 Amps (5.25 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.7 Amps (2.3 Amps typ.) 1.9-2.1 Amps (1.8 Amps typ.) Hiccup, indefinite 3 Amps maximum ±5%  Zener/transorb clamp, magnetic feedback ±0.02% per °C.Dynamic Characteristics |

| Dynamic Characteristics (continued)             |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
|   |  |  |  |  |
| 400kHz (±20kHz)                                 |  |  |  |  |
| 340kHz (±40kHz)                                 |  |  |  |  |
| ,   |  |  |  |  |
| onmental  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |
| -40 to +60/70°C                                 |  |  |  |  |
| to +100°C (See Derating Curves)                 |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |
| +100°C  |  |  |  |  |
| -40 to +105°C                                   |  |  |  |  |
| ysical  |  |  |  |  |
| 2" x 1" x 0.51" (51 x 25 x 12.95mm)             |  |  |  |  |
| None  |  |  |  |  |
| Diallyl phthalate, (UL94V-0 rated)              |  |  |  |  |
| Gold-plated copper alloy with nickel underplate |  |  |  |  |
| 1.4 ounces (39.7 grams)                         |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |

- ① All models are specified with no external input/output capacitors.
- ② See Minimum Output Loading Requirements under Technical Notes.
- ③ See Technical Notes for details.
- The On/Off Control is designed to be driven with open-collector logic or the application of appropriate voltages (referenced to –Input (Pin 2)). Applying a voltage to the On/Off Control pin when no input voltage is applied to the converter may cause permanent damage. See Technical Notes.
- ⑤ Output noise may be further reduced with the addition of external output capacitors. See Technical Notes.
- ® Operating temperature range without derating is model and input-voltage dependent. See Temperature Derating.
- ② UEP-3.3/600-D48 and UEP-5/6000-D48 do not have overvoltage shutdown. See Absolute Maximum Ratings for allowable input voltages.

| Absolute M   | aximum Ratings  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Input Voltage:<br>Continuous:<br>D12 Models                    | 22 Volts  |  |  |
| D24 Models<br>D48 Models                                       | 44 Volts<br>88 Volts  |  |  |
| Transient (100msec):<br>D12 Models<br>D24 Models<br>D48 Models | 22 Volts<br>44 Volts<br>88 Volts  |  |  |
| Input Reverse-Polarity Protection                              | Current must be <10 Amps. Brief duration only. Fusing recommended.            |  |  |
| Output Overvoltage Protection:                                 |   |  |  |
| 3.3V Outputs<br>5V/12V/15V Outputs                             | 4.5 Volts, unlimited duration 6.8/15/18 Volts, unlimited duration             |  |  |
| Output Current   | Hiccup. Devices can withstand sustained output short circuits without damage. |  |  |
| Case Temperature   | +100°C  |  |  |
| Storage Temperature  | −40 to +105°C   |  |  |
| Lead Temperature   | See soldering guidelines  |  |  |

These are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to greater than any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under conditions other than those listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications Table is not implied.

30msec

On/Off to Vout

Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

## **TECHNICAL NOTES**

### **Floating Outputs**

Since these are isolated DC/DC converters, their outputs are "floating." Designers will usually use the -Output (pin 5) as the ground/return of the load circuit. You can, however, use the +Output (pin 4) as ground/return to effectively reverse the output polarity.

#### **Minimum Output Loading Requirements**

3.3 and 5V models employ a synchronous-rectifier design topology. All models regulate within spec and are stable under no-load conditions. 12/15V models employ a traditional forward, diode-rectification architecture and require 25mA loading to achieve their listed regulation specs. Operation under 25mA load conditions will not damage the 12/15V devices; however they may not meet all listed specifications.

#### **Filtering and Noise Reduction**

All UEP Series DC/DC Converters achieve their rated ripple and noise specifications with no external input/output capacitors. In critical applications, input/output noise may be further reduced by installing external I/O caps. Input capacitors should be selected for bulk capacitance, low ESR and high rms-ripple-current ratings. Output capacitors should be selected for low ESR and appropriate frequency response. All caps should have appropriate voltage ratings and be mounted as close to the converters as possible. The most effective combination of external I/O capacitors will be a function of load and layout conditions.

#### **Input Fusing**

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require the installation of fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used if the possibility of sustained, non-current-limited, input-voltage polarity reversals exists. For DATEL UEP Series DC/DC Converters, you should use slow-blow type fuses with values no greater than the following.

| VIN Range             | Fuse Value |
|-----------------------|------------|
| D12 Models            | 3 Amps     |
| D24 Models            | 2 Amps     |
| D48 Models (1.2-4.5A) | 1 Amp      |
| D48 Models (6A)       | 2 Amp      |

#### **Trimming Output Voltages**

These converters have a trim capability (pin 6) that allows users to adjust the output voltage  $\pm 5\%$ . Adjustments to the output voltage can be accomplished via a trim pot, Figure 2, or a single fixed resistor as shown in Figures 3 and 4. A single fixed resistor can increase or decrease the output voltage depending on its connection. Fixed resistors should have an absolute TCR less than  $100\text{ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$  to minimize sensitivity to changes in temperature.

A single resistor connected from the Trim (pin 6) to the +Output (pin 4), see Figure 3, will decrease the output voltage. A resistor connected from the Trim (pin 6) to -Output (pin 5) will increase the output voltage.

Trim adjustment greater than 5% can have an adverse effect on the converter's performance and is not recommended.

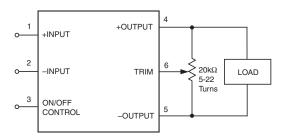


Figure 2. Trim Connections Using A Trim Pot

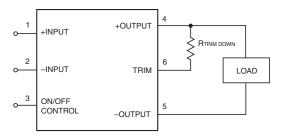


Figure 3. Trim Connections To Decrease Output Voltage Using Fixed Resistors

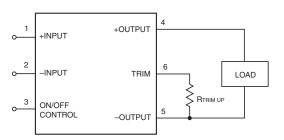


Figure 4. Trim Connections To Increase Output Voltage Using Fixed Resistors

Trim Farration

Madal

| Model                                | Trim Equation  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| UEP-3.3/4500-D12<br>UEP-3.3/4500-D24 | $R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{2.49(V_O - 1.27)}{3.3 - V_O} -16.9$ |  |  |
| UEP-3.3/4500-D48<br>UEP-3.3/6000-D48 | $R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{3.16}{V_0 - 3.3} - 16.9$              |  |  |
| UEP-5/3500-D12<br>UEP-5/3500-D24     | $R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{2.49(V_0 - 2.527)}{5 - V_0} - 15$   |  |  |
| UEP-5/3500-D48<br>UEP-5/6000-D48     | $R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{6.292}{V_0 - 5} -15$                  |  |  |
| UEP-12/1400-D12<br>UEP-12/1400-D24   | $R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{6.34(V_0 - 5.714)}{12 - V_0} -49.9$ |  |  |
| UEP-12/1400-D48                      | $R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{36.23}{V_0 - 12} -49.9$               |  |  |
| UEP-15/1200-D12<br>UEP-15/1200-D24   | $R_{T_{DOWN}}(k\Omega) = \frac{7.87(V_O - 7.136)}{15 - V_O}$ -63.4 |  |  |
| UEP-15/1200-D48                      | $R_{T_{UP}}(k\Omega) = \frac{56.16}{V_0 - 15}$ -63.4               |  |  |
|                                      |  |  |  |

Accuracy of adjustment is subject to tolerances of resistor values and factoryadjusted output accuracy. Vo = desired output voltage.

Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

#### Input Overvoltage/Undervoltage Shutdown and Start-Up Threshold

Under normal start-up conditions, devices will not begin to regulate until the ramping-up input voltage exceeds the Start-Up Threshold Voltage (35V for "D48" models). Once operating, devices will not turn off until the input voltage drops below the Undervoltage Shutdown limit (34V for "D48" models). Subsequent re-start will not occur until the input is brought back up to the Start-Up Threshold. This built in hysteresis prevents any unstable on/off situations from occurring at a single input voltage.

Input voltages exceeding the input overvoltage shutdown specification listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications will cause the device to shutdown. A built-in hysteresis of 0.6 to 1.6 Volts for all models will not allow the converter to restart until the input voltage is sufficiently reduced.

The two 6 Amp models do not feature overvoltage shutdown and withstand surges to 100V without shutting down. For custom overvoltage protection, contact DATEL.

## **Input Reverse-Polarity Protection**

If the input-voltage polarity is accidentally reversed, an internal diode will become forward biased and likely draw excessive current from the power source. If the source is not current limited (<10A) nor the circuit appropriately fused, it could cause permanent damage to the converter.

#### **On/Off Control**

The input-side, remote On/Off Control function (pin 3) can be ordered to operate with either polarity (negative polarity available for 12 and 15 Volt models only). Positive-polarity devices (standard, no part-number suffix) are enabled when pin 3 is left open or is pulled high (+13V to  $V_{IN}$  applied with respect to —Input, pin 2, (see Figure 2). Positive-polarity devices are disabled when pin 3 is pulled low (0-0.8V with respect to —Input). Negative-polarity devices are off when pin 3 is open or pulled high (+2.4V to +10V), and on when pin 3 is pulled low (0-0.5V). See Figure 3.

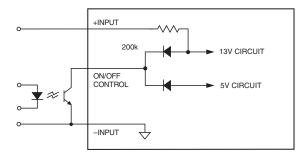


Figure 2. Driving the Positive Polarity On/Off Control Pin

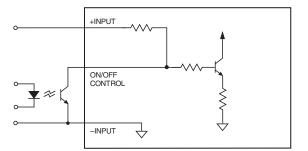


Figure 3. Driving the Negative Polarity On/Off Control Pin

Dynamic control of the remote on/off function is best accomplished with a mechanical relay or an open-collector/open-drain drive circuit (optically isolated if appropriate). The drive circuit should be able to sink appropriate current (see Performance Specs) when activated and withstand appropriate voltage when deactivated.

Applying an external voltage to pin 3 when no input power is applied to the converter can cause permanent damage to the converter.

#### **Start-Up Time**

The VIN to VOUT start-up time is the interval of time where the input voltage crosses the turn-on threshold point, and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Actual measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input/output capacitance, and load. The UEP Series implements a soft start circuit that limits the duty cycle of the PWM controller at power up, thereby limiting the Input Inrush current.

The On/Off Control to  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  start-up time assumes the converter has its nominal input voltage applied but is turned off via the On/Off Control pin. The specification defines the interval between the time at which the converter is turned on and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Similar to the  $V_{\text{IN}}$  to  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  start-up, the On/Off Control to  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  start-up time is also governed by the internal soft start circuitry and external load capacitance.

### **Current Limiting**

When output increases to 120% to 190% of the rated output current, the DC/DC converter will go into a current limiting mode. In this condition the output voltage will decrease proportionately with increases in output current, thereby maintaining a somewhat constant power dissipation. This is commonly referred to as power limiting. Current limit inception is defined as the point where the full-power output voltage falls below the specified tolerance. See Performance/Functional Specifications. If the load current being drawn from the converter is significant enough, the unit will go into a short circuit condition. See "Short Circuit Condition."



Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

#### **Short Circuit Condition**

When a converter is in current limit mode the output voltages will drop as the output current demand increases. If the output voltage drops too low, the magnetically coupled primary side voltages will also drop, thereby shutting down the PWM controller.

Following a time-out period, the PWM will restart, causing the output voltage to begin ramping to its appropriate value. If the short-circuit condition persists, another shutdown cycle will be initiated. This on/off cycling is referred to as "hiccup" mode. The hiccup cycling reduces the average output current, thereby preventing internal temperatures from rising to excessive levels. The UEP is capable of enduring an indefinite short circuit output condition.

#### **Thermal Shutdown**

These UEP converters are equipped with Thermal Shutdown Circuitry. If environmental conditions cause the internal temperature of the DC/DC converter rises above the designed operating temperature (typically 118°C case), a precision temperature sensor will power down the unit. When the internal temperature decreases below the threshold of the temperature sensor the unit will self start.

#### **Output Overvoltage Protection**

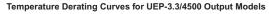
Output voltages are monitored for an overvoltage condition via magnetic coupling to the primary side. If the output voltage should rise to a level which could be damaging to the load circuitry, the sensing circuitry will power down the PWM controller causing the output voltages to decrease. Following a time-out period the PWM will restart, causing the output voltages to ramp to their appropriate values. If the fault condition persists, and the output voltage again climbs to excessive levels, the overvoltage circuitry will initiate another shutdown cycle. This on/off cycling is referred to as "hiccup" mode.

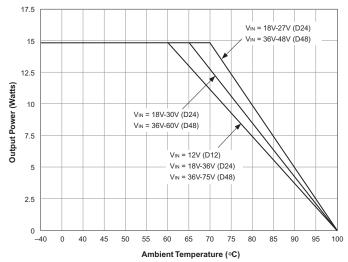
### **Soldering Guidelines**

Murata Power Solutions recommends the specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Be cautious when there is high atmospheric humidity. We strongly recommend a mild pre-bake (100° C. for 30 minutes). Your production environment may differ; therefore please thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

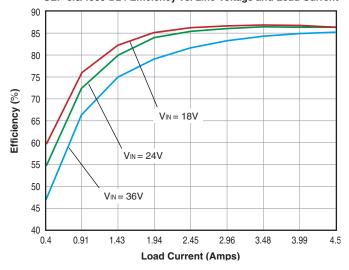
#### Wave Solder Operations for through-hole mounted products (THMT) For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders: Maximum Preheat Temperature 115° C. 270° C. Maximum Pot Temperature Maximum Solder Dwell Time 7 seconds For Sn/Pb based solders: **Maximum Preheat Temperature** 105° C. Maximum Pot Temperature 250° C. Maximum Solder Dwell Time 6 seconds

## **Typical Performance Curves**

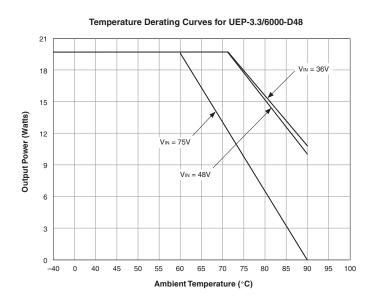


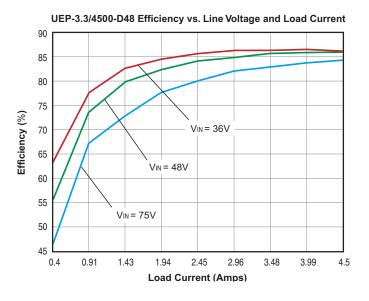


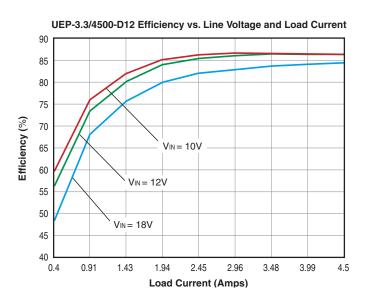
#### UEP-3.3/4500-D24 Efficiency vs. Line Voltage and Load Current

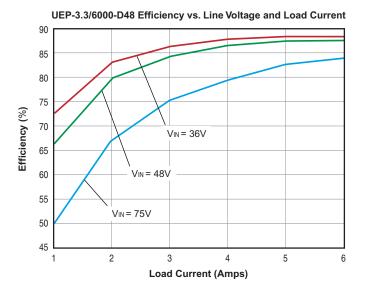


Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

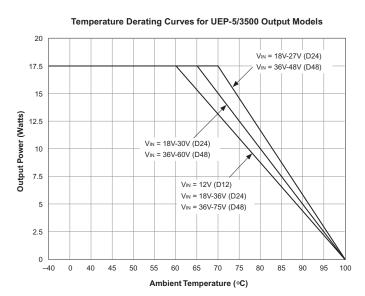


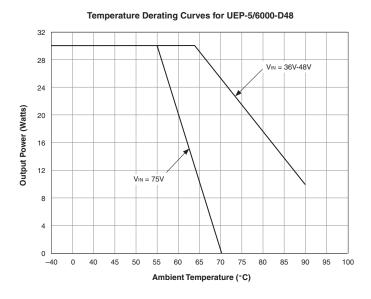


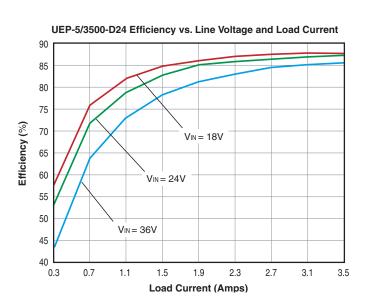


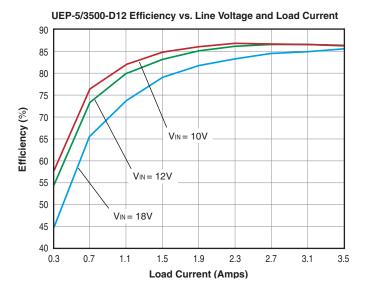


Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

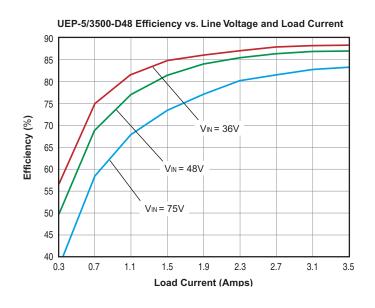


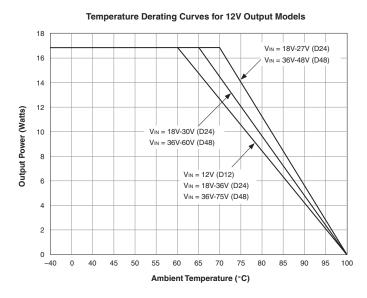


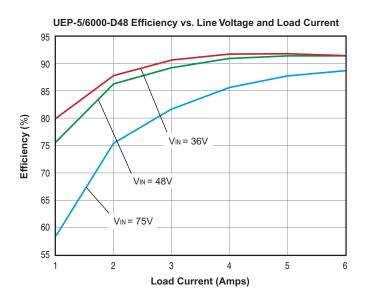


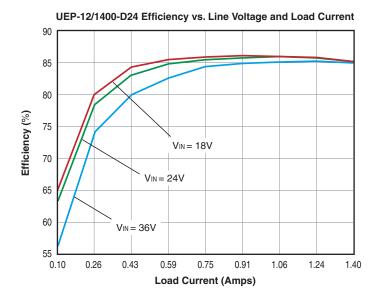


Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

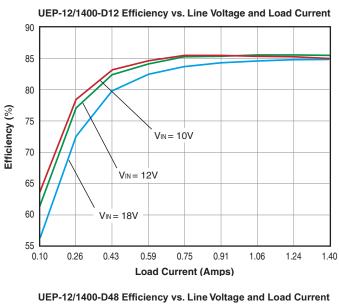


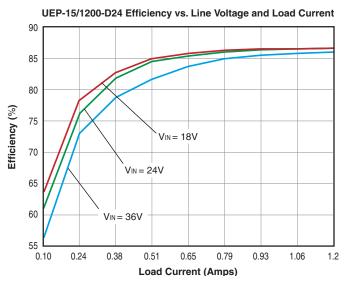


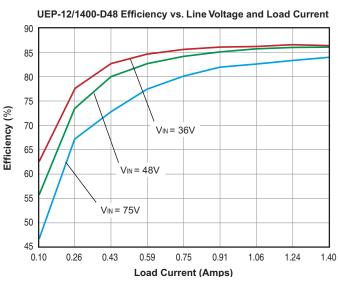


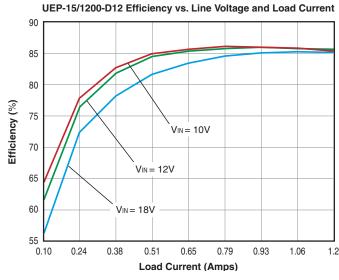


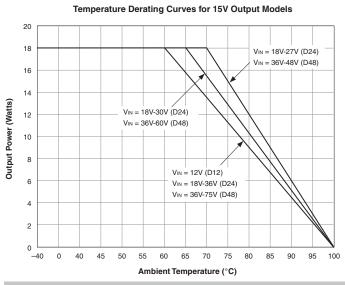
Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

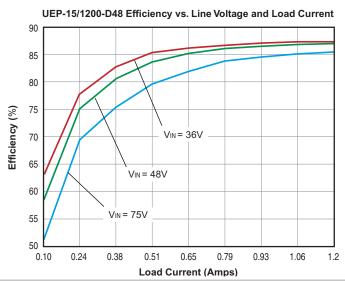










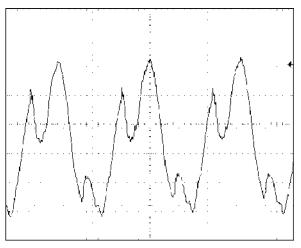


Ultra-High Density, 2" x 1", 1.2-6 Amp, 15-30 Watt DC/DC's

## **Typical Performance Curves**

#### Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)

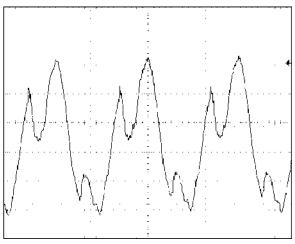
(VIN = nominal, 3.3V @ 4.5A, no external capacitors.)



20mV/div, 20MHz BW

#### **Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)**

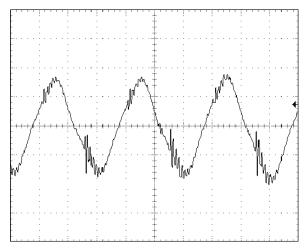
(VIN = nominal, 5V @ 3.5A, no external capacitors.)



20mV/div, 20MHz BW

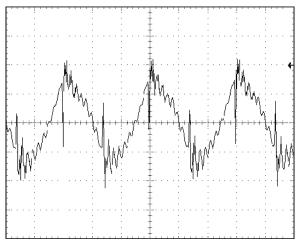
#### Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)

(VIN = nominal, 12V @ 1.4A, no external capacitors.)



#### Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)

(VIN = nominal, 15V @ 1.2A, no external capacitors.)



20mV/div, 20MHz BW

Murata Power Solutions, Inc.
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This product is subject to the following <u>operating requirements</u> and the <u>Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy</u>:

Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

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