

### FEATURES

- RoHS compliant
- 2:1 Wide range voltage input
- Operating temperature range -40°C to 85°C
- Short circuit protection
- 0.003% Typical load regulation
- 1.5kVDC Isolation
- Efficiency from 81%
- 24V Nominal input
- Single & dual outputs
- Power density 0.94W/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Optional remote On/Off
- UL 94V-0 Package materials
- No electrolytic capacitors
- Low noise

### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The NDS6 series of DC/DC converters offer single and dual output voltages from an input voltage range of 18-36V. The NDS6 is housed in an industry standard package with a standard pinout. The NDS6 is packaged in a metal case for improved EMI shielding and is also encapsulated for superior thermal performance. Versions with optional remote on/off control pin are also available.

Applications include telecommunications, battery powered systems, process control and distributed power systems.

### SELECTION GUIDE

Order Code <sup>2</sup>	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current			Ripple & Noise	Efficiency		MTTF <sup>1</sup>
	Nom.		Min. Load	±100% Load	0% Load	100% Load	Shut Down		Min.	Typ.	
	V	V	A	A	mA	mA	mA	mV p-p	%	%	kHrs
<b>NDS6D2405C</b>	24	±5	±0.06	±0.6	7	300	1.1	40	81	83	
<b>NDS6D2412C</b>	24	±12	±0.025	±0.250	7	290	1.1	40	85	87	
<b>NDS6D2415C</b>	24	±15	±0.020	±0.200	7	290	1.1	45	85	87.5	
<b>NDS6S2405C</b>	24	5	0.12	1.2	4	305	1.1	40	81	82	
<b>NDS6S2412C</b>	24	12	0.05	0.5	5.5	290	1.1	40	85.5	87	
<b>NDS6S2415C</b>	24	15	0.04	0.4	6	290	1.1	40	85.5	87	

### INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Voltage range	All NDS6D24 & NDS6S24 types	18	24	36	V
Reflected ripple current	All NDS6D24 & NDS6S24 types		7		mA p-p

### OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Rated power				6	W
Voltage set point accuracy	Positive & negative except NDS6D2405 negative output			±2 ±4	%
Line regulation	Low line to high line		0.01	0.1	%
Load regulation	10% total load to 100% total load		0.003	0.5	%
Cross regulation	% voltage change on negative output when positive load varies from 12.5% to 37.5% with negative load fixed at 50%	5V		5	%
		12V & 5V		2	

### ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Isolation test voltage	Flash tested for 1 second	1500			VDC
Resistance	Viso = 1kVDC	1			GΩ
Capacitance			225		pF

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Short-circuit protection	Continuous
Internal power dissipation	2.7W
Lead temperature 1.0mm from case for 10 seconds (to JEDEC JESD22-B106 ISS C)	260°C
Minimum output load for specification <sup>3</sup>	10% of rated load on each output
Control pin input voltage	±18V
Input voltage, NDS6 24V input types	40V

1 Calculated using MIL-HDBK-217F with nominal input voltage at full load.

2 To order with optional control pin, prefix C with "E". For example NDS6D0505EC.

3 Operation below 10% minimum load may cause increased output ripple.

All specifications typical at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise specified.



GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS <sup>1</sup>						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Switching frequency			130		kHz	
Control pin input	Module ON (or pin unconnected)	3.0			V	
				0	mA	
	Module OFF			0.8	V	
				1.5	mA	

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
Operation		-40		85	°C	
Storage		-50		130		
Case temperature rise above ambient	100% Load, Nom $V_{in}$ , Still Air,	5V	29			
		12V & 15V	22			
Thermal shutdown	Case Temperature		110			

APPLICATION NOTES									
<p><b>Control Pin</b></p> <p>This provides an OFF function, which puts the converter into a low power mode, when the voltage applied to the pin is less than 0.8V. When the pin is high or un-connected, the converter is on.</p>	<p><b>NDS6D Cross Regulation</b></p> <p>Load regulation is at its best when the positive and negative loads are balanced. When the loads are asymmetric, the negative output is not as tightly regulated as the positive output. To meet datasheet specification, a minimum load of 10% of output load current is required on each output. The NDS6D can be used with much lighter loading but the negative output voltage may rise above maximum datasheet specification.</p>								
<p><b>Output Capacitors</b></p> <p>The NDS6 series does not require output capacitors to meet datasheet specification. To meet datasheet specification, output capacitance should not exceed:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Output Voltage (V)</th> <th>Output Capacitance (µF)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>470</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12</td> <td>470</td> </tr> <tr> <td>15</td> <td>220</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Output Voltage (V)	Output Capacitance (µF)	5	470	12	470	15	220
Output Voltage (V)	Output Capacitance (µF)								
5	470								
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TECHNICAL NOTES
<p><b>ISOLATION VOLTAGE</b></p> <p>'Hi Pot Test', 'Flash Tested', 'Withstand Voltage', 'Proof Voltage', 'Dielectric Withstand Voltage' &amp; 'Isolation Test Voltage' are all terms that relate to the same thing, a test voltage, applied for a specified time, across a component designed to provide electrical isolation, to verify the integrity of that isolation.</p> <p>Murata Power Solutions NDS6 series of DC/DC converters are all 100% production tested at their stated isolation voltage. This is 1.5kVDC for 1 second.</p> <p>A question commonly asked is, "What is the continuous voltage that can be applied across the part in normal operation?"</p> <p>For a part holding no specific agency approvals, such as the NDS6 series, both input and output should normally be maintained within SELV limits i.e. less than 42.4V peak, or 60VDC. The isolation test voltage represents a measure of immunity to transient voltages and the part should never be used as an element of a safety isolation system. The part could be expected to function correctly with several hundred volts offset applied continuously across the isolation barrier; but then the circuitry on both sides of the barrier must be regarded as operating at an unsafe voltage and further isolation/insulation systems must form a barrier between these circuits and any user-accessible circuitry according to safety standard requirements.</p> <p><b>REPEATED HIGH-VOLTAGE ISOLATION TESTING</b></p> <p>It is well known that repeated high-voltage isolation testing of a barrier component can actually degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction and environment. The NDS6 series has an ER ferrite core, with no additional insulation between primary and secondary windings of enameled wire. While parts can be expected to withstand several times the stated test voltage, the isolation capability does depend on the wire insulation. Any material, including this enamel (typically polyurethane) is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage.</p> <p>This consideration equally applies to agency recognized parts rated for better than functional isolation where the wire enamel insulation is always supplemented by a further insulation system of physical spacing or barriers.</p>

**RoHS COMPLIANCE INFORMATION**



This series is compatible with RoHS soldering systems with a peak wave solder temperature of 260°C for 10 seconds. The pin termination finish on this product series is a Gold flash (0.05-0.10 micron) over Nickel Preplate. The series is backward compatible with Sn/Pb soldering systems. For further information, please visit [www.murata-ps.com/rohs](http://www.murata-ps.com/rohs)

**CHARACTERISATION TEST METHODS**

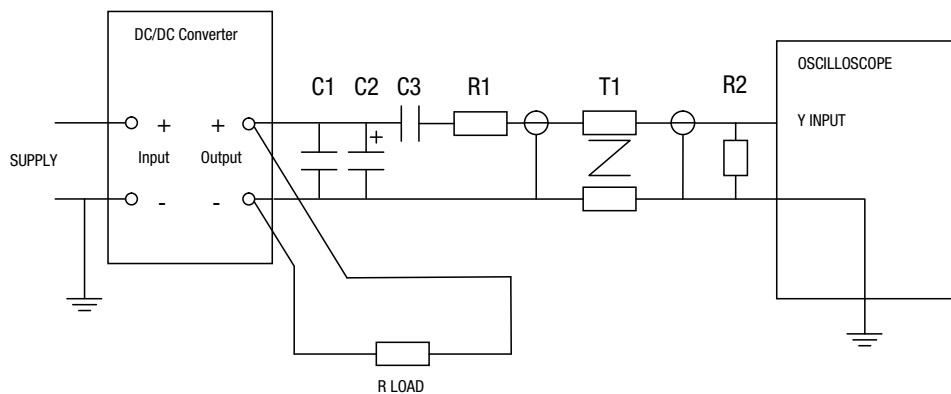
**Ripple & Noise Characterisation Method**

Ripple and noise measurements are performed with the following test configuration.

C1	1µF X7R multilayer ceramic capacitor, voltage rating to be a minimum of 3 times the output voltage of the DC/DC converter
C2	10µF tantalum capacitor, voltage rating to be a minimum of 1.5 times the output voltage of the DC/DC converter with an ESR of less than 100mΩ at 100 kHz
C3	100nF multilayer ceramic capacitor, general purpose
R1	450Ω resistor, carbon film, +/-1% tolerance
R2	50Ω BNC termination
T1	3T of the coax cable through a ferrite toroid
RLOAD	Resistive load to the maximum power rating of the DC/DC converter. Connections should be made via twisted wires

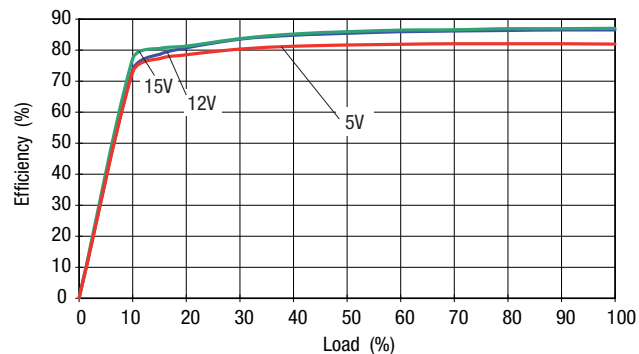
Measured values are multiplied by 10 to obtain the specified values.

**Differential Mode Noise Test Schematic**

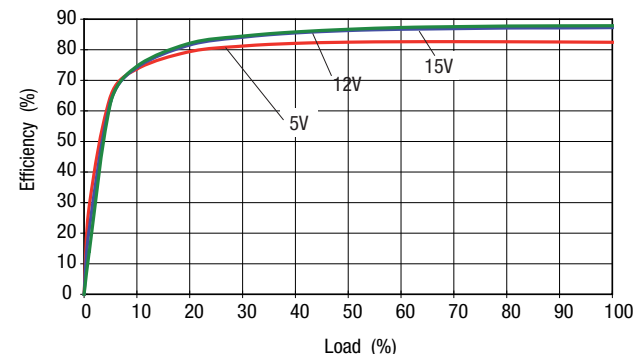


**EFFICIENCY VS LOAD**

**NDS 24V Input, Dual Output**

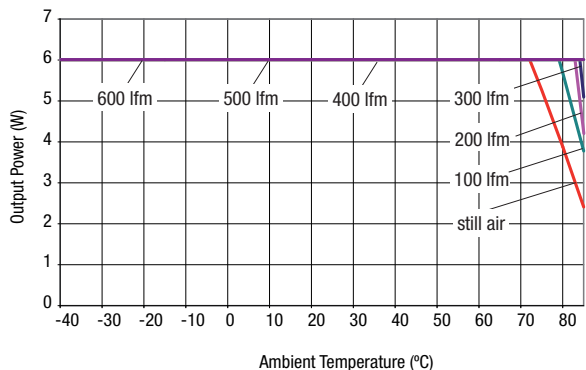


**NDS 24V Input, Single Output**

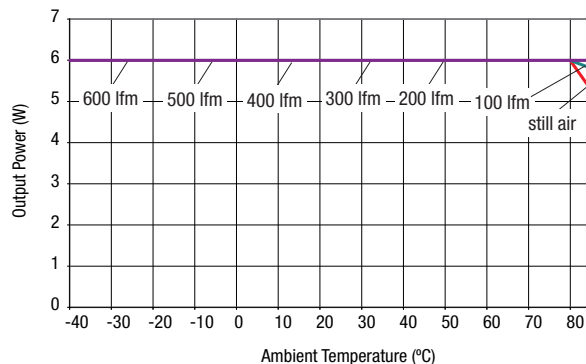


**TEMPERATURE DERATING**

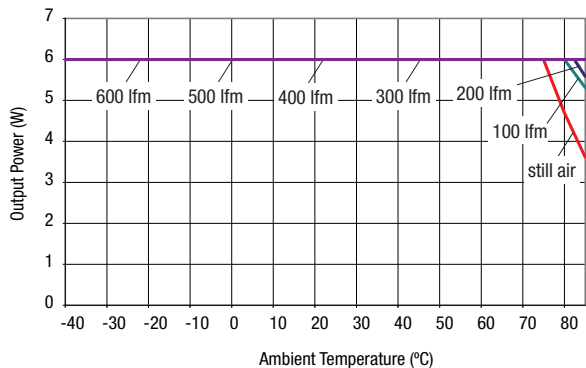
**NDS6D2405C**



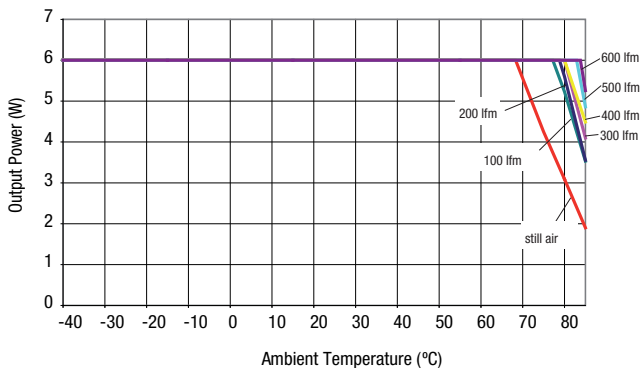
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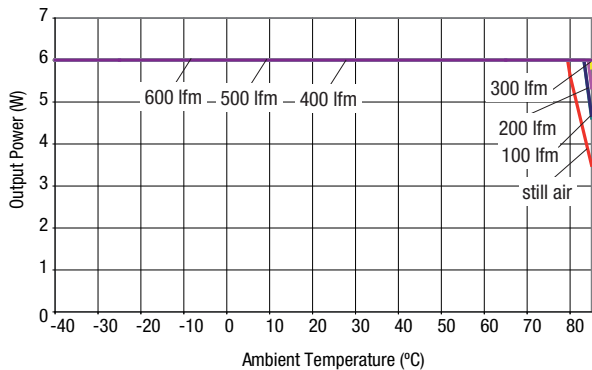
**NDS6D2415C**



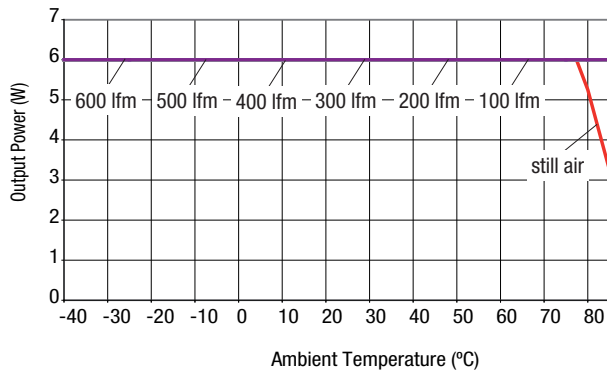
**NDS6S2405C**



**NDS6S2412C**

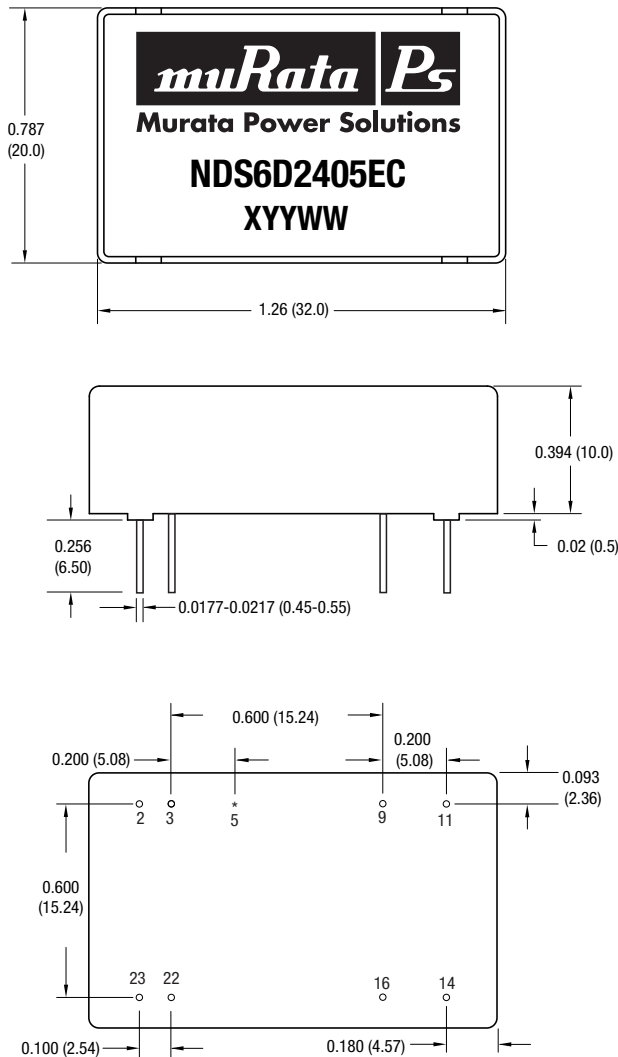


**NDS6S2415C**



**PACKAGE SPECIFICATIONS**

**MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS**



All dimensions in inches (mm)  $\pm 0.020$  (0.5) except pin to pin tolerance  $\pm 0.010$  (0.25).  
All pins on a 0.100 (2.54) pitch and within 0.010 (0.25) of true position.

The copper case is connected to the output (-V<sub>OUT</sub>) pin. Care is needed in the design of this circuit board on which the converter is mounted. Top side tracks must not contact the edge of the case on the underside of the unit.

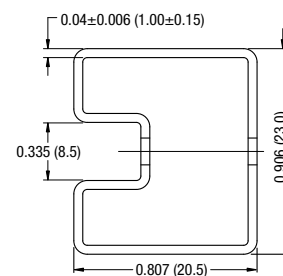
Weight: 16.4g Typ.

**PIN CONNECTIONS**

Pin	Function	
	Single	Dual
2	-V <sub>IN</sub>	-V <sub>IN</sub>
3	-V <sub>IN</sub>	-V <sub>IN</sub>
5*	On/Off	On/Off
9	No pin	0V
11	N/C	-V <sub>OUT</sub>
14	+V <sub>OUT</sub>	+V <sub>OUT</sub>
16	-V <sub>OUT</sub>	0V
22	+V <sub>IN</sub>	+V <sub>IN</sub>
23	+V <sub>IN</sub>	+V <sub>IN</sub>

\* Optional pin

**TUBE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

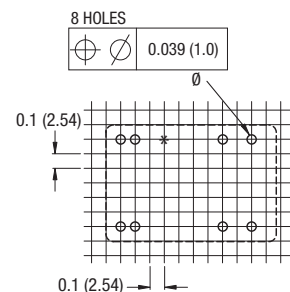


Tube length 20.47 (520)

All dimensions in inches  $\pm 0.010$  (mm 0.25mm).

Quantity: 15

**RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT DETAILS**



\* Optional pin

All dimensions in inches  $\pm 0.010$  (mm 0.25mm).